Images in clinical hematology

Primary dural high grade B cell lymphoma mimicking subdural hematoma

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ARTICLE INFO

Article history:
Received 5 November 2019
Accepted 8 January 2020
Available online 20 March 2020

Case

A 78-year-old woman came to the hospital because of headache and tumefaction of the right temporal area. There were no other neurological symptoms. Cranial magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) showed a low-density area underneath the osseous inner plate, simulating a subdural hematoma (Figure 1). The histopathological analysis revealed neoplastic proliferation of large lymphoid cells with pleomorphic nuclei. Upon immunostaining, neoplastic cells were positive for CD79a, CD10, BCL6 and C-MYC and were negative for CD3 and CD5 (Figure 2). The proliferation index (Ki67) was 55%. The diagnosis of primary dural large B-cell lymphoma was established. Such a presentation of aggressive lymphoma is extremely unusual.1,2

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https://doi.org/10.1016/j.htct.2020.01.006
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Conflicts of interest
The authors declare no conflicts of interest.

REFERENCES